

A blank template for a dichotomous key. It features a central vertical line that splits into two main horizontal branches. Each of these branches further splits into two more horizontal lines, creating a total of four horizontal lines on each side of the central axis. Each of these four horizontal lines then splits into two more horizontal lines, resulting in a total of 16 horizontal lines at the far right, arranged in four groups of four. This structure allows for the classification of organisms based on a series of binary choices.